



ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

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PART III **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNE	NG_01/01/2007 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING 12/3	1 / 2007 MM/DD/YY
Α.	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: NAF	A Capital Markets, L	.L.C.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
100 North Broadway, St	uite 2550		
Oklahoma City,	(No. and Street) Oklahoma	7.	PROCESSE MAR 1 1 2008
(City)	(State)	(Zip C	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER (OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REC	405-2	72-9290 FINANCIAL
	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Code - Telephone Number)
James Dee Johnson & Cor 3608 NW 58th Street	-	ic Accountants	PC 73112
(Address) CHECK ONE:	(City)	SECURÎTÎÊS AND EXCH	IANGE (/ (Zip:Code)
☐ Certified Public Accounta ☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in	nt n United States or any of its possessi	71116	GISTRATIONS
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL		HONS

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John E. Fryrear	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying fina	ncial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C	, as
of December 31	, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor	, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as	follows:
John E. Fryrear A/C#150082	79 Value as of 12-31-2007 \$2,570.63
John & Susan Fryrear JTWROS	A/C#15016314 Value as of 12-31-2007 \$0.0
State of Oklahoma	
County of Oklahoma	Signature
	y 21,2008 John E. Fryrear, President
by John E. Fryrear	Title
Jone K. Nelow	
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable box	ec).
(a) Facing Page.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Cond (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' E	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subo	rdinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reser	ve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 (i) Information Relating to the Possession o (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate e 	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the eserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	d unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(i) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report	
- (ii) Wiebort descripting any material madedna	cies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

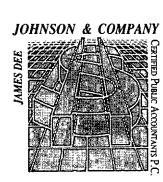
** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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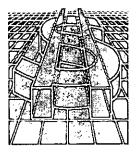
Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

December 31, 2007



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JAMES DEE JOHNSON & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 21, 2008

NAFA Capital Markets, LLC Statement of Financial Condition As of December 31, 2007

Assets

Cash in Bank and Brokerage	\$ 217,559
Deposits with clearing organizations and others (cash)	103,947
Receivables from broker-dealers and others	65,163
Prepaid expenses	5,303
Other assets	3,416
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements at cost, less	
accumulated depreciation of \$26,440	10.050
	40,953
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 436,341
TOTAL AGGLTG	<u> </u>
Liabilities and Members' Equity	
Subordinated borrowings and accrued interest on borrowings	\$ 230.000
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	10,981
Accounts payable, accided expenses and other liabilities	10,501
Commitments	
Members' Equity	195,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 436,341</u>

NAFA Capital Markets, LLC Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Revenue		
Commissions	\$	942,362
Interest and dividend income		5,064
Miscellaneous income	_	83,668
Total Income		1,031,094
Expenses		
Employee compensation, commissions and benefits		551,567
Brokerage and clearing fees		69,153
Occupancy		38,793
Communications and data processing		39,942
Office expense		200,149
Interest expense		12,189
Depreciation	···	10,683
Total operating expenses		922,476
Net Income	\$	108,618

NAFA Capital Markets, LLC Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Members' Equity beginning of year	\$ 86,742
Net income	 108,618
Members' Equity end of year	\$ 195,360

NAFA Capital Markets, LLC Statement in Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Subordinated borrowings at December 31, 2006	\$ 200,000
Issuance of subordinated notes	
Subordinated borrowings at December 31, 2007	\$ 200,000

NAFA Capital Markets, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile Net Income (Loss) to net Cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and Amortization Decrease (Increase) in Operating Assets: Accounts Receivable Deposits with clearing organizations	\$	108,618 10,683 19,752 (1,968)
Other		4,916
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities		(59,357) 12,000
Total Adjustments		(13,973)
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities		94,645
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital Expenditures Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities	-	(918) (918)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds From Sale of Stock Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Financing Activities		<u> </u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		93,727
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		123,832
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	217,559
Interest paid during the year	\$	189

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

1. Organization and Nature of Business

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) operating under SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) which provides that all the funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. In accordance with the provisions of this rule, the Company executes all of its customers' transactions on a fully-disclosed basis, through an unaffiliated clearing broker-dealer which carries the accounts and securities of the company's customers.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company. The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which comprises several classes of services, including principal transactions and agency transactions.

Securities Transactions

Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are determined using the specific identification method and are recorded on a settlement date basis.

Customer's securities transactions are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a settlement date basis. The amounts recorded for commission and income and expense for customers' securities transactions approximate the amounts that would be recorded on a trade date basis.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management.

Income Taxes

As a limited liability company, the Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to members in accordance with their respective percentage ownership. Therefore, no provision or liability for income taxes has been included in the financial statements

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on an accelerated method of depreciation basis using estimated useful lives of three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line method over a 10 year life.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement. Actual results could differ from those estimates

2. Postretirement Benefit Plans

The Company does not provide health and life insurance benefits to retired employees.

3. Financial Instruments Accounting Policies

The financial instruments of the Company are reported in the statement of financial condition at market or fair values, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair values because of the short maturity of the instruments.

Financial Instruments With Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss. The majority of the Company's transactions with off-balance-sheet risk are short-term in duration.

4. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

The company has a five customers who make up 87% of its gross revenues. If these relationships are terminated the Company may be exposed to risk.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

6. Operating Lease

The company has into a non-cancelable operating lease agreement for its offices. Rental expense for the year was \$38,793. Future minimum lease payments required under the lease are as follows:

2008	\$41,534
2009	\$42,354
2010	\$14,209

5. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$343,263, which was \$243,263 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .12 to 1.

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Customer Protection Rules (SEC Rule 15c3-3), which relate to reserves and custody of securities, under section (k)(2)(ii) of this rule.

7. Subordinated Borrowings from Related Party

The company has borrowed \$200,000 from a Member of the Company under a subordinated loan agreement dated June 2005. This agreement was to mature In July 2008. This agreement was extended until July 31, 2009. Under the agreement this loan and any interest accrued on this loan is subordinated to the claims of general creditors.

At the end of the year the company had accrued interest payable under this loan of \$30,000, \$12,000 of which is reported as interest expense on this financial statement.

Supplemental Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934
as of
December 31, 2007

Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2007

Computation of Net Capital		
Total ownership equity qualified for net Capital		
Add	\$	195,360
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors		
allowable in computation of net capital		200,000
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		395,360
Deductions and/or charges		
Non-allowable assets		
Accounts receivable \$ 1	65	
Prepaid Expenses 5,3	03	
Deposits 6	08	
Other assets 3,4	16	
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements 40,9		
		50,445
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		344,915
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable pursuant to Rule 15c3-1(f):		
Money market \$ 1,6	52	4.050
Net capital		1,652
	\$	343,263
Aggregate Indebtedness	_	<u> </u>
Items included in statement of condition		
Accounts payable / Accrued interest	\$	40,980
Total Aggregate indebtedness	\$	40,980
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)		
	\$	2,732
Minimum Dollar Net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$	100.000
Minimum net capital requirement (greater of two minimum requirement amounts)		100,000
	\$	100,000
Net capital in excess of minimum required	\$	243,263
Excess net capital at 1000%		270,200
·	\$	339,165
Flatio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capita		0.12
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There were no material differences in the computation of net capital under rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Reconcilation with Company's Computation

Schedule II

NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C.

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

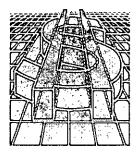
As of December 31, 2007

Exemptive Provisions

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Independent Auditors Report
on Internal Control
Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended December 31, 2007



JAMES DEE JOHNSON & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.C.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Members NAFA Capital Markets, L.L.C.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Nafa Capital Markets, L.L.C. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and
- Comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 1 7a- 13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives.

Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in

conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 1 7a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma February 21, 2008

END